Psychological, psychosocial and sociological issues aspects of HIV

Damian Kelly





What are they?

Psychological

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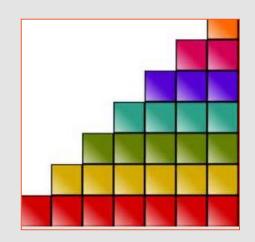
Psychosocial

?

Sociological

7











Psychological – defined

Mental or emotional as opposed to physical in nature

Influencing or intended to influence the mind or emotions





Psychosocial – defined

 Relate to one's psychological development in, and interaction with, a social environment

 Erick Eriksons stages of development outline a model of psychosocial stages experienced at different ages





Stages of psychosocial development

Approximate Age	Virtues	Psycho Social Crisis	Significant Relationship	Existential Question	Examples
0–2 years	Hopes	Basic Trust vs. Mistrust	Mother	Can I trust the world?	Feeding, Abandonment
2–4 years	Will	Autonomy vs. Shame and Doubt	Parents	Is it okay to be me?	Toilet Training, Clothing Themselves
4–5 years	Purpose	Initiative vs. Guilt	Family	Is it okay for me to do, move and act?	Exploring, Using Tools or Making Art
5–12 years	Competence	Industry vs. Inferiority	Neighbours, School	Can I make it in the world of people and things?	School, Sports
13–19 years	Fidelity	Identity vs. Role Confusion	Peers, Role Model	Who am I? what can I be?	Social Relationships
20–39 years	Love	Intimacy vs. Isolation	Friends, Partners	Can I love?	Romantic Relationships
40–64 years	Care	Generativity vs. Stagnation	Household, Workmates	Can I make my life count?	Work, Parenthood
65-death	Wisdom	Ego Integrity vs. Despair	Mankind, My Kind	Is it okay to have been me?	Reflection on Life





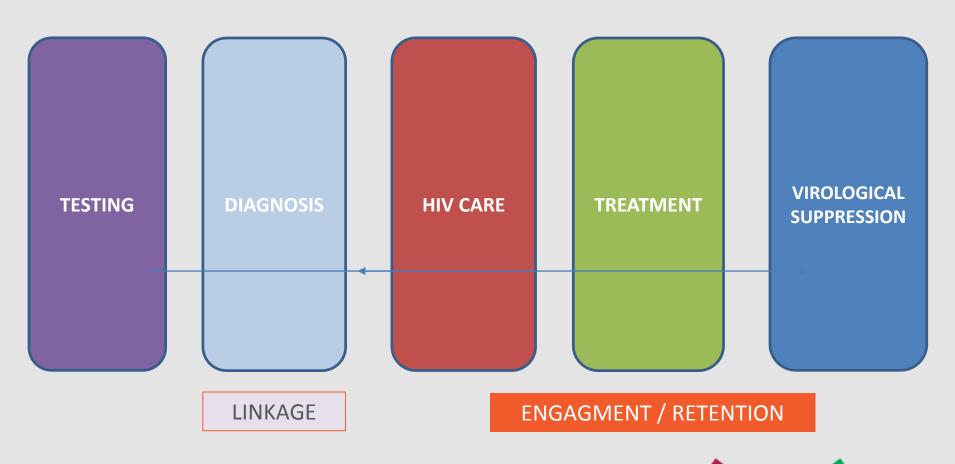
Sociological – defined

- The study of human social behaviour
 - especially the study of the origins, organisation, institutions and development of human society
- Dealing with social questions or problems
 - especially focusing on cultural and environmental factors rather than on psychological or personal characteristics





What are the problems / challenges/ obstacles / benefits?





Group work!

 We have laid the 7 components of the treatment cascade out

 In small groups, can you identify where and what the problems, challenges, obstacles and benefits are in relation to psychological, psychosocial and sociological aspects of HIV





Discussion of findings

A group discussion on the findings

- A problem-solving, open discussion
 - What works ?
 - Why does it work?
 - How to do it



